

Thousands of cane toads are wreaking havoc in Australia.

ALIEN INVASION

In the 1930s, beetles with a sweet tooth gulped down a lot of sugarcane in Australia. Angry sugarcane farmers needed to do something quickly. Farmers in Hawaii gave them a tip: Cane toads like to munch on the beetles. Desperate Australian farmers imported a boxful of the fist-sized toads from Hawaii and let them loose.

Bad idea. Instead of chowing down on the beetles, cane toads gobbled anything they could swallow—pet food, garbage, honeybees, termites, snails, and mice.

The toads multiplied, spreading across the northern coast of Australia. Today toads are such a problem that a member of the Australian government recently suggested that citizens use golf clubs to whack the warty amphibians!

Australia isn't the only country dealing with unwelcome animal guests. In the United States, hundreds of invasive species pose a threat to the environment.

The Aliens Are Coming

An invasive species is nonnative, or alien, to the ecosystem. An ecosystem is a group of plants, animals, and other living organisms that live together in the same area. Although invasive species don't damage their own ecosystem, they can cause massive destruction when they invade another area.

For example, fingernail-sized zebra mussels hitchhiked from Russia to the Great Lakes in the water tanks of ships. When those ships landed in the United States, the zebra mussels began gobbling up food and oxygen, leaving nothing for other underwater creatures to eat.

They also irritated humans. Each year, a female zebra mussel can produce 30,000 to 1 million eggs. When those eggs hatch, the mussels clog pipes that provide drinking water to houses and schools.

A beetle called the emerald ash borer arrived in the United States from China in wood packing material carried aboard cargo ships or airplanes.

The adult emerald ash borer nibbles on the leaves of the ash tree. The larvae of the beetle, however, cause far more damage by chomping through the inner bark of ash trees. The insects destroy the tunnels that allow water and nutrients to travel from the roots to the leaves. Emerald ash borers have killed 8 million to 10 million trees in Michigan, Ohio, and Indiana.

Another invasive species that is wreaking havoc is the snakehead fish.

Snakeheads arrived in the United States from Asia as exotic pets. When pet owners grew tired of the snakeheads, they threw the fish into nearby lakes and streams.

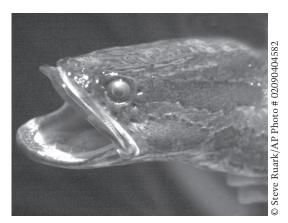
The snakehead fish now live in several states and can move over land from one body of water to another body. They dine greedily and can clear a pond of all its fish. The snakehead was recently spotted in a lake in Queens, N.Y., a part of New York City.

"The world has changed so much in the last 100 years," Jodie A. Ellis, a scientist at Purdue University, told *Senior Edition*. "We are now able to share so many things with other countries, which is mostly a good thing. But there are costs, and one of those costs is the constant threat of invasive species."

Why Should We Care?

In addition to destroying an ecosystem, the devastation caused by invasive species can be costly. In the United States, the damage caused by the pesky critters is roughly \$137 billion per year.

"Our natural ecosystems are the primary sources of our food and drinking water," Lisa Gould, a senior scientist at the Rhode



The snakehead fish kills native fish in many waterways in the United States.

Island Natural History Survey, told *Senior Edition*. "Ecosystems help keep our air clean. They give us medicines and materials for our industries. Without them, we could not exist for long."

Battling the Cane Toad

Back in Australia, the government has devoted \$1 million to combating that country's pesky toad problem. Scientists are researching what kinds of poisons can kill the creature.

Wildlife officials are also setting up traps to catch the toads, which are now hitchhiking across Australia in the backs of cars and trucks.

"We cannot tolerate a situation where cane toads are getting a free ride across the continent," says one Australian official.

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